



# OpenCL.DebugInfo.100 Information Extended Instruction Set Specification

Alexey Sotkin, Intel

Version 2.00, Revision 1

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# Contributors and Acknowledgments

- Yaxun Liu, AMD
- Brian Sumner, AMD
- Ben Ashbaugh, Intel
- Alexey Bader, Intel
- Raun Krisch, Intel
- Pratik Ashar, Intel
- John Kessenich, Google
- David Neto, Google
- Neil Henning, Codeplay
- Kerch Holt, Nvidia
- Jaebaek Seo, Google

# Chapter 1. Introduction

This is the specification of the **OpenCL.DebugInfo.100** extended instruction set.

This extended instruction set is imported into a SPIR-V module in the following manner:

```
<extinst-id> OpExtInstImport "OpenCL.DebugInfo.100"
```

The instructions below are capable of conveying debug information about the source program.

The design guidelines for these instructions are:

- Sufficient for a back end to generate **DWARF** debug information for OpenCL C/C++ kernels
- Easy translation between SPIR-V/LLVM
- Clear
- Concise
- Extensible for other languages
- Capable of representing debug information for an optimized IR

## 1.1. Terms

*Lexical scope:* One of **DebugCompilationUnit**, **DebugFunction**, **DebugLexicalBlock**, or **DebugTypeComposite**.

*Local variable:* A variable that is invisible in some *lexical scopes*. It depends on the definition of a local variable in the high-level language.

*DWARF:* The **DWARF Debugging Standard**, which is a debugging file format used by many compilers and debuggers to support source level debugging.

# Chapter 2. Binary Form

This section contains the semantics of the debug info extended instructions using the **OpExtInst** instruction.

All *Name* operands are the *<id>* of **OpString** instructions, which represents the name of the entry (type, variable, function, etc.) as it appears in the source program.

*Result Type* of all instructions below is the *<id>* of **OpTypeVoid**.

*Set* operand in all instructions below is the result of an **OpExtInstImport** instruction.

**DebugScope**, **DebugNoScope**, **DebugDeclare**, and **DebugValue** instructions can interleave with the instructions within a function. All other instructions from this extended instruction set should be located after the logical layout section 9 "All type declarations (OpTypeXXX instructions), all constant instructions, and all global variable declarations ..." and before section 10 "All function declaration" in section 2.4 [Logical Layout of a Module](#) of the core SPIR-V specification.

Debug info for source language opaque types is represented by **DebugTypeComposite** without *Members* operands. *Size* of the composite must be **DebugInfoNone** and *Name* must start with @ symbol to avoid clashes with user defined names.

## 2.1. Removing Instructions

All instructions in this extended set have no semantic impact and can be safely removed. This is easily done if all debug instructions are removed together, at once. However, when removing a subset, for example, inlining a function, there may be dangling references to *<id>* that have been removed. These can be replaced with the *Result <id>* of the **DebugInfoNone** instruction.

All *<id>* referred to must be defined (dangling references are not allowed).

## 2.2. Forward references

Forward references (an operand *<id>* that appears before the *Result <id>* defining it) are generally not allowed, except for the following exceptions:

- Each of **DebugTypeComposite** *Members* is a forward reference to a **DebugTypeMember**, **DebugFunction**, or **DebugTypeInheritance**.
- A **DebugFunction** *Function* is a forward reference to an **OpFunction**.

# Chapter 3. Enumerations

## 3.1. Instruction Enumeration

Instruction number	Instruction name
0	<a href="#">DebugInfoNone</a>
1	<a href="#">DebugCompilationUnit</a>
2	<a href="#">DebugTypeBasic</a>
3	<a href="#">DebugTypePointer</a>
4	<a href="#">DebugTypeQualifier</a>
5	<a href="#">DebugTypeArray</a>
6	<a href="#">DebugTypeVector</a>
7	<a href="#">DebugTypedef</a>
8	<a href="#">DebugTypeFunction</a>
9	<a href="#">DebugTypeEnum</a>
10	<a href="#">DebugTypeComposite</a>
11	<a href="#">DebugTypeMember</a>
12	<a href="#">DebugTypeInheritance</a>
13	<a href="#">DebugTypePtrToMember</a>
14	<a href="#">DebugTypeTemplate</a>
15	<a href="#">DebugTypeTemplateParameter</a>
16	<a href="#">DebugTypeTemplateTemplateParameter</a>
17	<a href="#">DebugTypeTemplateParameterPack</a>
18	<a href="#">DebugGlobalVariable</a>
19	<a href="#">DebugFunctionDeclaration</a>
20	<a href="#">DebugFunction</a>
21	<a href="#">DebugLexicalBlock</a>
22	<a href="#">DebugLexicalBlockDiscriminator</a>
23	<a href="#">DebugScope</a>
24	<a href="#">DebugNoScope</a>
25	<a href="#">DebugInlinedAt</a>



Instr uctio n num ber	Instruction name
26	<a href="#">DebugLocalVariable</a>
27	<a href="#">DebugInlinedVariable</a>
28	<a href="#">DebugDeclare</a>
29	<a href="#">DebugValue</a>
30	<a href="#">DebugOperation</a>
31	<a href="#">DebugExpression</a>
32	<a href="#">DebugMacroDef</a>
33	<a href="#">DebugMacroUndef</a>
34	<a href="#">DebugImportedEntity</a>
35	<a href="#">DebugSource</a>

## 3.2. Debug Info Flags

Value	Flag Name
1 << 0	FlagsProtected
1 << 1	FlagsPrivate
1<<0   1<<1	FlagsPublic
1 << 2	FlagsLocal
1 << 3	FlagsDefinition
1 << 4	FlagFwdDecl
1 << 5	FlagArtificial
1 << 6	FlagExplicit
1 << 7	FlagPrototyped
1 << 8	FlagObjectPointer
1 << 9	FlagStaticMember
1 << 10	FlagIndirectVariable
1 << 11	FlagLValueReference
1 << 12	FlagRValueReference
1 << 13	FlagsOptimized
1 << 14	FlagsEnumClass
1 << 15	FlagTypePassByValue

Value	Flag Name
1 << 16	FlagTypePassByReference

### 3.3. Base Type Attribute Encodings

Used by [DebugTypeBasic](#)

Encoding code name	
0	Unspecified
1	Address
2	Boolean
3	Float
4	Signed
5	SignedChar
6	Unsigned
7	UnsignedChar

### 3.4. Composite Types

Used by [DebugTypeComposite](#)

Tag code name	
0	Class
1	Structure
2	Union

### 3.5. Type Qualifiers

Used by [DebugTypeQualifier](#)

Qualifier tag code name	
0	ConstType
1	VolatileType
2	RestrictType
3	AtomicType

### 3.6. Debug Operations

These operations are used to form a DWARF expression. Such expressions provide information about the current location (described by [DebugDeclare](#)) or value (described by [DebugValue](#)) of a variable.

Operations in an expression are to be applied on a stack. Initially, the stack contains one element: the address or value of the source variable.

Used by [DebugOperation](#)

Operation encodings		No. of Operands	Description
0	<b>Deref</b>	0	Pops the top stack entry, treats it as an address, pushes the value retrieved from that address.
1	<b>Plus</b>	0	Pops the top two entries from the stack, adds them together and push the result.
2	<b>Minus</b>	0	Pops the top two entries from the stack, subtracts the former top entry from the former second to top entry and push the result.
3	<b>PlusUconst</b>	1	Pops the top stack entry, adds the <i>addend</i> operand to it, and pushes the result. The operand must be a single word integer literal.
4	<b>BitPiece</b>	2	Describes an object or value that may be contained in part of a register or stored in more than one location. The first operand is <i>offset</i> in bit from the location defined by the preceding operation. The second operand is <i>size</i> of the piece in bits. The operands must be a single word integer literals.
5	<b>Swap</b>	0	Swaps the top two stack values.

Operation encodings		No. of Operands	Description
6	<b>Xderef</b>	0	Pops the top two entries from the stack. Treats the former top entry as an address and the former second to top entry as an address space. The value retrieved from the address in the given address space is pushed.
7	<b>StackValue</b>	0	Describes an object that doesn't exist in memory but it's value is known and is at the top of the DWARF expression stack.
8	<b>Constu</b>	1	Pushes a constant <i>value</i> onto the stack. The <i>value</i> operand must be a single word integer literal.
9	<b>Fragment</b>	2	Has the same semantics as <b>BitPiece</b> , but the <i>offset</i> operand defines location within the source variable.

## 3.7. Imported Entities

Used by [DebugImportedEntity](#)

Tag code name	
0	<b>ImportedModule</b>
1	<b>ImportedDeclaration</b>

# Chapter 4. Instructions

## 4.1. Missing Debugging Information

### DebugInfoNone

Other instructions can refer to this one in case the debugging information is unknown, not available, or not applicable.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

5	12	<id> <i>Result Type</i>	<i>Result</i> <id>	<id> Set	0
---	----	----------------------------	--------------------	----------	---

## 4.2. Compilation Unit

### DebugCompilationUnit

Describe a source compilation unit. A SPIR-V module can contain one or multiple source compilation units. The *Result* <id> of this instruction represents a [lexical scope](#).

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Version* is version of the SPIRV debug information format.

*DWARF Version* is version of the DWARF standard this specification is compatible with.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program.

*Language* is the source programming language of this particular compilation unit. Possible values of this operand are described in the *Source Language* section of the core SPIR-V specification.

9	12	<id> <i>Result Type</i>	<i>Result</i> <id>	<id> Set	1	<i>Literal Number Version</i>	<i>Literal Number DWARF version</i>	<id> Source	<i>Language</i>
---	----	----------------------------	--------------------	----------	---	-------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------	-----------------

### DebugSource

Describe the source program. It can be either the primary source file or a file added via a **#include** directive.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*File* is an **OpString** holding the name of the source file including its full path.

*Text* is an **OpString** that contains text of the source program the SPIR-V module is derived from.

6+	12	<id> <i>Result Type</i>	<i>Result</i> <id>	<id> Set	35	<id> File	Optional <id> Text
----	----	----------------------------	--------------------	----------	----	-----------	--------------------

## 4.3. Type instructions

### DebugTypeBasic

Describe a basic data type.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Name* is an **OpString** representing the name of the type as it appears in the source program. May be empty.

*Size* is an **OpConstant** with 32-bit or 64-bit integer type and its value is the number of bits required to hold an instance of the type.

[Encoding](#) describes how the base type is encoded.

8	12	<id> Result Type	Result <id>	<id> Set	2	<id> Name	<id> Size	<a href="#">Encoding</a>
---	----	------------------------	----------------	----------	---	-----------	-----------	--------------------------

### DebugTypePointer

Describe a pointer or reference data type.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Base Type* is the <id> of a debugging instruction that represents the pointee type.

*Storage Class* is the class of the memory where the object pointed to is allocated. Possible values of this operand are described in the *Storage Class* section of the core SPIR-V specification.

*Flags* is a single *word* literal formed by the bitwise-OR of values from the [Debug Info Flags](#) table.

8	12	<id> Result Type	Result <id>	<id> Set	3	<id> Base Type	Storage Class	Literal Flags
---	----	------------------------	----------------	----------	---	----------------	---------------	------------------

### DebugTypeQualifier

Describe a *const*, *volatile*, or *restrict* qualified data type. A type with multiple qualifiers are represented as a sequence of [DebugTypeQualifier](#) instructions.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Base Type* is debug instruction that represents the type being qualified.

*Type Qualifier* is a literal value from the [TypeQualifiers](#) table.

7	12	<id> Result Type	Result <id>	<id> Set	4	<id> Base Type	<a href="#">Type Qualifier</a>
---	----	---------------------	-------------	----------	---	----------------	--------------------------------

## DebugTypeArray

Describe a array data type.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Base Type* is a debugging instruction that describes the element type of the array.

*Component Count* is the number of elements in the corresponding dimension of the array. The number and order of *Component Count* operands must match with the number and order of array dimensions as they appear in the source program. *Component Count* must be a *Result <id>* of an **OpConstant**, **DebugGlobalVariable**, or **DebugLocalVariable**. If it is an **OpConstant**, its type must be a 32-bit or 64-bit integer type. Otherwise its type must be a **DebugTypeBasic** whose *Size* is 32 or 64 and whose *Encoding* is **Unsigned**.

7+	12	<id> <i>Result Type</i>	<i>Result &lt;id&gt;</i>	<id> Set	5	<id> Base Type	<id> Component Count, ...
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## DebugTypeVector

Describe a vector data type.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Base Type* is the <id> of a debugging instruction that describes the type of element of the vector.

*Component Count* is a single *word* literal denoting the number of elements in the vector.

7	12	<id> <i>Result Type</i>	<i>Result &lt;id&gt;</i>	<id> Set	6	<id> Base Type	<i>Literal Number Component Count</i>
---	----	----------------------------	--------------------------	----------	---	----------------	---------------------------------------

## DebugTypedef

Describe a C/C++ *typedef declaration*.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Name* is an **OpString** that represents a new name for the *Base Type*.

*Base Type* is a debugging instruction representing the type for which a new name is being declared.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the typedef declaration.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the declaration appears in the *Source*.

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting the column number at which the first character of the declaration appears.

*Scope* is the <id> of a debug instruction that represents the **lexical scope** that contains the typedef declaration.

11	12	<id> Result Type	Result <id>	<id> Set	7	<id> Name	<id> Base Type	<id> Source	Literal Number Line	Literal Number Column	<id> Scope
----	----	------------------------	----------------	-------------	---	--------------	-------------------	----------------	---------------------------	-----------------------------	---------------

## DebugTypeFunction

Describe a function type.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Flags* is a single *word* literal formed by the bitwise-OR of values from the [Debug Info Flags](#) table.

*Return Type* is a debug instruction that represents the type of return value of the function. If the function has no return value, this operand is **OpTypeVoid**.

*Parameter Types* are debug instructions that describe the type of parameters of the function.

7+	12	<id> Result Type	Result <id>	<id> Set	8	Literal Flags	<id> Return Type	Optional <id>, <id>, ... Parameter Types
----	----	------------------------	----------------	----------	---	------------------	---------------------	---

## DebugTypeEnum

Describe an enumeration type.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Name* is an **OpString** holding the name of the enumeration as it appears in the source program.

*Underlying Type* is a debugging instruction that describes the underlying type of the enum in the source program. If the underlying type is not specified in the source program, this operand must refer to [DebugInfoNone](#).

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the *enum* declaration.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the enumeration declaration appears in the *Source*.

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting the column number at which the first character of the enumeration declaration appears.

*Scope* is the <id> of a debug instruction that represents the [lexical scope](#) that contains the enumeration type.

*Size* is an **OpConstant** with 32-bit or 64-bit integer type and its value is the number of bits required to hold an instance of the enumeration type.

*Flags* is a single *word* literal formed by the bitwise-OR of values from the [Debug Info Flags](#) table.

Enumerators are encoded as trailing pairs of *Value* and corresponding *Name*. *Values* must be the <id> of **OpConstant** instructions, with a 32-bit integer result type. *Name* must be the <id> of an **OpString** instruction.



13 +	12	<id> > Re sult Type	Re sult <id> >	<id> > Set	9	<id> > Na me	<id> > Un derl yin g Type	<id> > So urc e	Literal Number Line	Literal Number Column	<id> Scope	<id> Size	Literal Flags	<id> Value, <id> Name, <id> Value, <id> Name, ...
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## DebugTypeComposite

Describe a *structure*, *class*, or *union* data type. The *Result* <id> of this instruction represents a [lexical scope](#).

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Tag* is a literal value from the [Composite Types](#) table that specifies the kind of the composite type.

*Name* is an **OpString** holding the name of the type as it appears in the source program.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the type declaration.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the type declaration appears in the *Source*.

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting the column number at which the first character of the declaration appears.

*Scope* is the <id> of a debug instruction that represents the [lexical scope](#) that contains the composite type. It must be one of the following: [DebugCompilationUnit](#), [DebugFunction](#), [DebugLexicalBlock](#), or [DebugTypeComposite](#).

*Linkage Name* is an **OpString**, holding the linkage name or mangled name of the composite.

*Size* is an **OpConstant** with 32-bit or 64-bit integer type and its value is the number of bits required to hold an instance of the composite type.

*Flags* is a single *word* literal formed by the bitwise-OR of values from the [Debug Info Flags](#) table.

*Members* must be the <id>s of [DebugTypeMember](#), [DebugFunction](#), or [DebugTypeInheritance](#). This could be a forward reference.

**Note:** To represent a source language opaque type, this instruction must have no *Members* operands, *Size* operand must be [DebugInfoNone](#), and *Name* must start with @ to avoid clashes with user defined names.

1 4 +	1 2	<id> Res ult Type	Res ult <id>	<id> Set	1 0	<id> Name	<a href="#">Tag</a>	<id> Source	Literal Numb er Line	Literal Numb er Colum n	<id> Scope	<id> Linkag e Name	<id> Size	Literal Flags	<id>, <id>, ... Memb ers
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## DebugTypeMember

Describe a data member of a *structure*, *class*, or *union*.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Name* is an **OpString** holding the name of the member as it appears in the source program.

*Type* is a debug type instruction that represents the type of the member.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the member declaration.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the member declaration appears in the *Source*.

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting the column number at which the first character of the member declaration appears.

*Scope* is the *<id>* of a debug instruction that represents a composite type containing this member.

*Offset* is an **OpConstant** with integral type, and its value is the memory offset in bits from the beginning of the *Scope* type.

*Size* is an **OpConstant** with 32-bit or 64-bit integer type and its value is the number of bits the member occupies within the *Scope* type.

*Flags* is a single *word* literal formed by the bitwise-OR of values from the [Debug Info Flags](#) table.

*Value* is an **OpConstant** representing initialization value in case of *const static* qualified member in C++.

1	1	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Res</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	1	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Literal</i>	<i>Literal</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Flags</i>	Option
4	2	<i>Res</i>	<i>ult</i>	<i>Set</i>	1	<i>Name</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Source</i>	<i>Numb</i>	<i>Numb</i>	<i>Scope</i>	<i>Offset</i>	<i>Size</i>		al <i>&lt;id&gt;</i>
+		<i>ult</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>						<i>er</i>	<i>er</i>					<i>Value</i>
		<i>Type</i>							<i>Line</i>	<i>Column</i>					
		<i>e</i>								<i>n</i>					

### DebugTypeInheritance

Describe the inheritance relationship with a parent *class* or *structure*. The Result of this instruction can be used as a member of a composite type.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Child* is a debug instruction representing a derived *class* or *struct* in C++.

*Parent* is a debug instruction representing a class or structure the *Child Type* is derived from.

*Offset* is an **OpConstant** with integral type and its value is the offset of the *Parent Type* in bits in layout of the *Child Type*.

*Size* is an **OpConstant** with 32-bit or 64-bit integer type and its value is the number of bits the *Parent type* occupies within the *Child Type*.

*Flags* is a single *word* literal formed by the bitwise-OR of values from the [Debug Info Flags](#) table.

10	12	<id> Result Type	Result <id>	<id> Set	12	<id> Child	<id> Parent	<id> Offset	<id> Size	Flags
----	----	------------------------	----------------	----------	----	---------------	----------------	-------------	-----------	-------

### DebugTypePtrToMember

Describe the type of an object that is a pointer to a structure or class member.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Member Type* is a debug instruction representing the type of the member.

*Parent* is a debug instruction, representing a structure or class type.

7	12	<id> Result Type	Result <id>	<id> Set	13	<id> Member Type	<id> Parent
---	----	---------------------	-------------	----------	----	------------------	-------------

## 4.4. Templates

### DebugTypeTemplate

Describe an instantiated template of *class*, *struct*, or *function* in C++.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Target* is a debug instruction representing the class, struct, or function that has template parameter(s).

*Parameters* are debug instructions representing the template parameters for this particular instantiation.

7	12	<id> Result Type	Result <id>	<id> Set	14	<id> Target	<id>... Parameters
---	----	---------------------	-------------	----------	----	-------------	--------------------

## DebugTypeTemplateParameter

Describe a formal parameter of a C++ template instantiation.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Name* is an **OpString** holding the name of the template parameter.

*Actual Type* is a debug instruction representing the actual type of the formal parameter for this particular instantiation.

If this instruction describes a template value parameter, the *Value* is represented by an **OpConstant** with an integer result type. For a template type parameter, the *Value* operand must be the *Result* <id> of **DebugInfoNone**.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the template instantiation.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the template parameter declaration appears in the *Source*.

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting the column number at which the first character of the template parameter declaration appears.

11	12	<id> <i>Result Type</i>	<i>Result &lt;id&gt;</i>	<id> <i>Set</i>	15	<id> <i>Name</i>	<id> <i>Actual Type</i>	<id> <i>Value</i>	<id> <i>Source</i>	<i>Literal Number Line</i>	<i>Literal Number Column</i>
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## DebugTypeTemplateTemplateParameter

+ Describe a template template parameter of a C++ template instantiation.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Name* is an **OpString** holding the name of the template template parameter

*Template Name* is an **OpString** holding the name of the template used as template parameter in this particular instantiation.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the template instantiation.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the template template parameter declaration appears in the *Source*

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting column number at which the first character of the template template parameter declaration appears on the *Line*

10	12	<id> <i>Result Type</i>	<i>Result &lt;id&gt;</i>	<id> <i>Set</i>	16	<id> <i>Name</i>	<id> <i>Template Name</i>	<id> <i>Source</i>	<i>Literal Number Line</i>	<i>Literal Number Column</i>
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## DebugTypeTemplateParameterPack

Describe the expanded template parameter pack in a variadic template instantiation in C++.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Name* is an **OpString** holding the name of the template parameter pack.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the template instantiation.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the template parameter pack declaration appears in the *Source*.

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting the column number at which the first character of the template parameter pack declaration appears.

*Template parameters* are [DebugTypeTemplateParameters](#) describing the expanded parameter pack in the variadic template instantiation.

10	12	<id> Result Type	Result <id>	<id> Set	17	<id> Name	<id> Source	Literal Number Line	Literal Number Column	<id>... Template parameters
+										

## 4.5. Global Variables

## DebugGlobalVariable

Describe a source global variable.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Name* is an **OpString**, holding the name of the variable as it appears in the source program.

*Type* is a debug instruction that represents the type of the variable.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the source global variable declaration.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the source global variable declaration appears in the *Source*.

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting the column number at which the first character of the source global variable declaration appears.

*Scope* is the *<id>* of a debug instruction that represents the [lexical scope](#) that contains the source global variable declaration. It must be one of the following: [DebugCompilationUnit](#), [DebugFunction](#), [DebugLexicalBlock](#), or [DebugTypeComposite](#).

*Linkage Name* is an **OpString**, holding the linkage name of the variable.

*Variable* is the *<id>* of the source global variable or constant that is described by this instruction. If the variable is optimized out, this operand must be [DebugInfoNone](#).

*Flags* is a single *word* literal formed by the bitwise-OR of values from the [Debug Info Flags](#) table.

If the source global variable represents a defining declaration for a C++ static data member of a structure, class, or union, the optional *Static Member Declaration* operand refers to the debugging type of the previously declared variable, i.e. [DebugTypeMember](#).

1	1	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Res</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	1	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Literal</i>	<i>Literal</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Flags</i>	Option
4	2	<i>Res</i>	<i>ult</i>	<i>Set</i>	8	<i>Name</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Source</i>	<i>Num</i>	<i>Num</i>	<i>Scope</i>	<i>Linkag</i>	<i>Variabl</i>		al <i>&lt;id&gt;</i>
+		<i>ult</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>						<i>er</i>	<i>er</i>		<i>e</i>	<i>e</i>		<i>Static</i>
		<i>Type</i>							<i>Line</i>	<i>Column</i>		<i>Name</i>			<i>Member</i>
		<i>e</i>													<i>Declaration</i>

## 4.6. Functions

**DebugFunctionDeclaration**

Describe a function or method declaration.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Name* is an **OpString**, holding the name of the function as it appears in the source program.

*Type* is an **DebugTypeFunction** instruction that represents the type of the function.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the function declaration.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the function declaration appears in the *Source*.

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting the column number at which the first character of the function declaration appears.

*Scope* is the *<id>* of a debug instruction that represents the **lexical scope** that contains the function declaration.

*Linkage Name* is an **OpString**, holding the linkage name of the function.

*Flags* is a single *word* literal formed by the bitwise-OR of values from the **Debug Info Flags** table.

1	1	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	1	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Literal</i>	<i>Literal</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Flags</i>
3	2	<i>Result</i>	<i>It</i>	<i>Set</i>	9	<i>Name</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Source</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Scope</i>	<i>Linkage</i>	
		<i>Type</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>						<i>Line</i>	<i>Column</i>		<i>Name</i>	

## DebugFunction

Describe a function or method definition. The *Result* <id> of this instruction represents a [lexical scope](#).

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Name* is an **OpString**, holding the name of the function as it appears in the source program.

*Type* is an [DebugTypeFunction](#) instruction that represents the type of the function.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the function definition.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the function declaration appears in the *Source*.

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting the column number at which the first character of the function declaration appears.

*Scope* is the <id> of a debug instruction that represents the [lexical scope](#) that contains the function definition.

*Linkage Name* is an **OpString**, holding the linkage name of the function.

*Flags* is a single *word* literal formed by the bitwise-OR of values from the [Debug Info Flags](#) table.

*Scope Line* a single *word* literal denoting line number in the source program at which the function lexical scope begins.

*Function* is a forward reference to the *Result* <id> of an **OpFunction**, which is described by this instruction. If that function is optimized out, this operand must be the *Result* <id> of the [DebugInfoNone](#).

*Declaration* is [DebugFunctionDeclaration](#) that represents non-defining declaration of the function.

1	1	<id>	Res	<id>	2	<id>	<id>	<id>	Literal	Literal	<id>	<id>	Flags	Literal	<id>	Option
5	2	>	ult	>	0	Name	Type	Sourc	Numb	Numb	Scope	Linka		Numb	Functi	nal
+		Res	<id	Set				e	er	er		ge		er	on	<id>
		ult	>						Line	Column		Name		Scope		Declar
		Type												Line		ation
		e														

## 4.7. Location Information



## DebugLexicalBlock

Describe a lexical block in the source program. The *Result* *<id>* of this instruction represents a [lexical scope](#).

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the lexical block.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the lexical block begins in the *Source*.

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting the column number at which the lexical block begins.

*Scope* is the *<id>* of a debug instruction that represents the [lexical scope](#) containing the lexical block. Entities in the global lexical scope should have *Scope* referring to a **DebugCompilationUnit**.

The presence of the *Name* operand indicates that this instruction represents a C++ namespace. This operand refers to an **OpString** holding the name of the namespace. For anonymous C++ namespaces, the name must be an empty string.

9+	12	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Result</i> <i>Type</i>	<i>Result</i> <i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Set</i>	21	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Source</i>	<i>Literal</i> <i>Number</i> <i>Line</i>	<i>Literal</i> <i>Number</i> <i>Column</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Scope</i>	Optional <i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Name</i>
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## DebugLexicalBlockDiscriminator

Distinguish lexical blocks on a single line in the source program.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the lexical block.

*Scope* is the *<id>* of a debug instruction that represents the [lexical scope](#) containing the lexical block.

*Discriminator* is a single *word* literal denoting a DWARF discriminator value for instructions in the lexical block.

8	12	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Result</i> <i>Type</i>	<i>Result</i> <i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Set</i>	22	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Source</i>	<i>Literal Number</i> <i>Discriminator</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Scope</i>
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## DebugScope

Provide information about a previously declared [lexical scope](#). This instruction delimits the start of a contiguous group of instructions, to be ended by any of the following: the next end of block, the next **DebugScope** instruction, or the next **DebugNoScope** instruction.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Scope* is a previously declared [lexical scope](#).

*Inlined* is a **DebugInlinedAt** instruction that represents the [lexical scope](#) and location to where *Scope* instructions were inlined.

6+	12	<id> Result Type	Result <id>	<id> Set	23	<id> Scope	Optional <id> Inlined
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### DebugNoScope

Delimit the end of a contiguous group of instructions started by the previous **DebugScope**.

Result Type must be **OpTypeVoid**.

5	12	<id> Result Type	Result <id>	<id> Set	24
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### DebugInlinedAt

Declare to where instructions grouped together by a **DebugScope** instruction are inlined. When a function is inlined, a **DebugScope** for the function or a part of the function can have an *Inlined* operand i.e., **DebugInlinedAt**, which means the set of instructions grouped by the **DebugScope** was inlined to the *Line* operand of the **DebugInlinedAt** of the *Scope* operand of the **DebugInlinedAt**.

Result Type must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the line number in the source file to where the range of instructions were inlined.

*Scope* is a [lexical scope](#) that contains *Line*.

*Inlined* is a debug instruction representing the next level of inlining in case of recursive inlining.

7+	12	<id> Result Type	Result <id>	<id> Set	25	Literal Number Line	<id> Scope	Optional <id> Inlined
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## 4.8. Local Variables

## DebugLocalVariable

Describe a [local variable](#).

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Name* is an **OpString**, holding the name of the variable as it appears in the source program.

*Type* is a debugging instruction that represents the type of the [local variable](#).

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program containing the [local variable](#) declaration.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the [local variable](#) declaration appears in the *Source*.

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting the column number at which the first character of the [local variable](#) declaration appears.

*Scope* is the *<id>* of a debug instruction that represents the [lexical scope](#) that contains the [local variable](#) declaration.

*Flags* is a single *word* literal formed by the bitwise-OR of values from the [Debug Info Flags](#) table.

If *ArgNumber* operand is present, this instruction represents a function formal parameter.

1	1	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	2	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Literal</i>	<i>Literal</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Literal</i>	Optional
2	2	<i>Result</i>	<i>It</i>	<i>Set</i>	6	<i>Name</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Source</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Scope</i>	<i>Flags</i>	<i>Literal</i>
+		<i>It</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>						<i>Line</i>	<i>Column</i>			<i>Number</i>
		<i>Type</i>											<i>ArgNum</i>
													<i>ber</i>

## DebugInlinedVariable

Describe an inlined [local variable](#).

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Variable* is a debug instruction representing a [local variable](#) that is inlined.

*Inlined* is an **DebugInlinedAt** instruction representing the inline location.

7+	12	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	27	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>
		<i>Result Type</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>Set</i>		<i>Variable</i>	<i>Inlined</i>

## DebugDeclare

Define point of declaration of a [local variable](#).

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Local Variable* must be an *<id>* of [DebugLocalVariable](#).

*Variable* must be the *<id>* of an **OpVariable** instruction that defines the local variable.

*Expression* must be an *<id>* of a [DebugExpression](#) instruction.

8	12	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Result</i> <i>Type</i>	<i>Result</i> <i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> Set	28	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> Local <i>Variable</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> Variable	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> Expression
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## DebugValue

Represent a changing of value of a [local variable](#).

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Local Variable* must be an *<id>* of a [DebugLocalVariable](#).

*Value* is a *Result <id>* of a non-debug instruction. The new value of *Local Variable* is the result of the evaluation of *Expression* to *Value*.

*Expression* is the *<id>* of a [DebugExpression](#) instruction.

*Indexes* have the same semantics as the corresponding operand(s) of **OpAccessChain**.

8+	12	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Result</i> <i>Type</i>	<i>Result</i> <i>&lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> Set	29	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> Local <i>Variable</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> Value	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Expression</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> , <i>&lt;id&gt;</i> , ... <i>Indexes</i>
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## DebugOperation

Represent a DWARF operation that operates on a stack of values.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Operation* is a DWARF operation from the [Debug Operations](#) table.

*Operands* are zero or more single *word* literals that the *Operation* operates on.

6+	12	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> <i>Result Type</i>	<i>Result &lt;id&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;id&gt;</i> Set	30	<a href="#">Operation</a>	Optional <i>Literal</i> <i>Operands ...</i>
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## DebugExpression

Represent a DWARF expression, which describe how to compute a value or name location during debugging of a program. This is expressed in terms of DWARF operations that operate on a stack of values.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Operation* is zero or more ids of **DebugOperation**.

5+	12	<id> <i>Result Type</i>	<i>Result &lt;id&gt;</i>	<id> Set	31	Optional <id>... <i>Operation</i>
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## 4.9. Macros

### DebugMacroDef

Represents a macro definition.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Source* is the <id> of an **OpString**, which contains the name of the file that contains definition of the macro.

*Line* is the line number in the source file at which the macro is defined. If *Line* is zero, the macro definition is provided by compiler's command line argument.

*Name* is the <id> of an **OpString**, which contains the name of the macro as it appears in the source program. In the case of a function-like macro definition, no whitespace characters appear between the name of the defined macro and the following left parenthesis. Formal parameters are separated by a comma without any whitespace. A right parenthesis terminates the formal parameter list.

*Value* is the <id> of an **OpString**, which contains text with definition of the macro.

7+	12	<id> <i>Result Type</i>	<i>Result &lt;id&gt;</i>	<id> Set	32	<id> Source	<i>Literal Number Line</i>	<id> Name	Optional <i>Value</i>
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### DebugMacroUndef

Discontinue previous macro definition.

*Result Type* must be **OpTypeVoid**.

*Source* is the <id> of an **OpString**, which contains the name of the file in which the macro is undefined.

*Line* is line number in the source program at which the macro is rendered as undefined.

*Macro* is the <id> of **DebugMacroDef** which represent the macro to be undefined.

8	12	<id> <i>Result Type</i>	<i>Result &lt;id&gt;</i>	<id> Set	33	<id> Source	<i>Literal Number Line</i>	<id> Macro
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# 4.10. Imported Entities

**DebugImportedEntity**

Represents a C++ namespace *using-directive*, namespace alias, or *using-declaration*.

*Name* is an **OpString**, holding the name or alias for the imported entity.

*Tag* is a literal value from the **Imported Entities** table which specifies the kind of the imported entity.

*Source* is a **DebugSource** instruction representing text of the source program the *Entity* is being imported from.

*Entity* is a debug instruction representing a namespace or declaration that is being imported.

*Line* is a single *word* literal denoting the source line number at which the *using* declaration appears in the *Source*.

*Column* is a single *word* literal denoting the column number at which the first character of the *using* declaration appears.

*Scope* is the *<id>* of a debug instruction that represents the **lexical scope** that contains the namespace or declaration.

1	1	<id>	Result Type	<id>	3	<id>	Literal Tag	<id>	<id>	Literal Number Line	Literal Number Column	<id>
2	2	Result	<id>	Set	4	Name		Source	Entity			Scope

# Chapter 5. Validation Rules

None.

## Chapter 6. Issues

1. Does the ABI used for the OpenCL C 2.0 blocks feature have to be declared somewhere else in the module?

**RESOLVED:** No. Block ABI is out of scope for this specification.



# Chapter 7. Revision History

Rev	Date	Author	Changes
0.99 Rev 1	2016-11-25	Alexey Sotkin	<b>Initial revision</b>
0.99 Rev 2	2016-12-08	Alexey Sotkin	Added details for the type instructions
0.99 Rev 3	2016-12-14	Alexey Sotkin	Added details for the rest of instructions
0.99 Rev 4	2016-12-21	Alexey Sotkin	Applied comments after review
0.99 Rev 5	2017-03-22	Alexey Sotkin	Format the specification as extended instruction set
0.99 Rev 6	2017-04-21	Alexey Sotkin	Adding File and Line operands
0.99 Rev 7	2017-06-05	Alexey Sotkin	Moving Flags to operands. Adding several new instructions.
0.99 Rev 8	2017-08-31	Alexey Sotkin	Replacing File operand by Source operand. Fixing typos. Formatting
0.99 Rev 9	2017-09-05	Alexey Sotkin	Clarifying representation of opaque types
0.99 Rev 10	2017-09-13	Alexey Sotkin	Support of multidimensional arrays. Adding <code>DebugFunctionDeclaration</code> . Updating debug operations.
0.99 Rev 11	2017-12-13	Alexey Sotkin	Removing "Op" prefix
0.99 Rev 12	2017-12-13	Alexey Sotkin	Changing style of enum tokens to CamelCase
1.00 Rev 1	2017-12-14	David Neto	Approved by SPIR WG on 2017-09-22. Change to 1.00 Rev 1
2.00 Rev 1	2018-12-05	Alexey Sotkin	Changing the name string in <b>OpExtInstImport</b> instruction. Adding <b>DebugSource</b> and <b>DebugImportedEntity</b> instructions. Adding <i>AtomicType</i> to the <b>Type Qualifiers</b> table. Adding <i>FlagsEnumClass</i> , <i>FlagTypePassByValue</i> , <i>FlagTypePassByReference</i> to the <b>Debug Info Flags</b> table. Adding <i>Fragment</i> to the <b>Debug Operations</b> table. Adding <i>Linkage Name</i> operand to the <b>DebugTypeComposite</b> instruction. Adding <i>Flags</i> operand to the <b>DebugTypeFunction</b> and <b>DebugLocalVariable</b> instructions. Adding <i>Language</i> operand to the <b>DebugCompilationUnit</b> instruction.
2.00 Rev.2	2018-12-19	Alexey Sotkin	Added description of <b>DebugOperations</b> . Fixed minor typos and grammatical errors.

Rev	Date	Author	Changes
2.00 Rev.2	2020-05-06	Jaebaek Seo	<p>Revising the overall specification to fix errors, typos, and grammar errors.</p> <p>Revising the overall specification to address incorrect or contradictory expression of semantics.</p> <p>Adding definition of the <a href="#">lexical scope</a>.</p> <p>Adding definition of the <a href="#">local variable</a>.</p> <p>Adding the rule for forward references.</p> <p>Clarifying the valid location of instructions from this extended instruction set.</p>